

Unit 4 Homefun Assignments

Homefun Day 1:

Factor or solve the following quadratics. (Be careful!!! Only solve if there is an = sign.)

1) $36x - 54$

$18(2x-3)$

2) $12y^2 - 18y + 6$

$6(2y^2-3y+1)$

3) $16y^3 + 24y^2 - 48y$

$8y(2y^2+3y-6)$

4) $28x^3y^4 + 14xy^2$

$14xy^2(2x^2y^2+1)$

5) $6x^2 + 12x = 0$

$x=0, -2$

6) $9a^2 - 9a = 0$

$a=0, 1$

7) $x^2 = 3x$

$x=0, 3$

8) $3a^2 + 5a = 2a$

$a=0, -1$

9) $4x^2 - 8x + 3x - 6$

$(4x+3)(x-2)$

10) $5a^2 - 10ab + ab - 2b^2$

$(5a+b)(a-2b)$

11) $15ab + 5b^2 - 15a - 2b$

Prime

12) $18m^2 + 7m = 3m$

$m=0, -2/9$

Homefun Day 2:

Factor or solve the following quadratics. (Be careful!!! Only solve if there is an = sign.)

1) $2r^2 - 12r + 10$

$2(r-1)(r-5)$

2) $6c^2 + 7c + 2$

$(3c+2)(2c+1)$

3) $8r^2 - 6r - 5$

$(5r-4)(2r+1)$

4) $7c^2 - 15c + 2$

5) $3x^2 + 7x - 20$

6) $3p^2 - 12p - 63$

$(c-2)(5c-3)$

$(x+4)(3x-5)$

$3(p-7)(p+3)$

7) $12x^2 - 56x - 20$

8) $2x^2 + 4x - 30$

9) $-4z^2 + 13z + 16$

$(x-5)(3x+1)$

$2(x+5)(x+3)$

Prime

10) $2y^2 + 3y - 35$

$(x+5)(2x-7)$

11) $45x^2 - 5x$

$5x(9x-1)$

12) $x^2 - 10x - 24$

$(x-12)(x+2)$

Homefun Day 3:

Factor or solve the following quadratics. (Be careful!!! Only solve if there is an = sign.)

$$1) 4x^2 + 17x - 15 = 0$$

$$X=5, 3/4$$

$$2) -8x^2 - 15x + 2 = 0$$

$$X=-2, 1/8$$

$$3) 6x^2 - 48x - 54 = 0$$

$$X=-1, 9$$

$$4) 3x^2 + 9x - 6 = 0$$

$$\text{PRIME}$$

$$5) 2x^2 - 16x - 18 = 0$$

$$X= -1, 9$$

$$6) 4y^2 = 12y + 7$$

$$y= -1/2, 7/2$$

$$7) 3m^2 + 12m - 36$$

$$(m+6)(m-2)$$

$$8) 4x^2 - 12x + 5 = 0$$

$$X= 1/2, 5/2$$

$$9) 8x^2 + 2x - 3 = 0$$

$$X= 1/2, -3/4$$

$$10) -x^2 + 4x = -12$$

$$X= -2, 6$$

$$11) -4h^2 + 11h + 3 = 0$$

$$h= -1/4, 3$$

$$12) 6z^2 + 11z + 4 = 0$$

$$z= -4/3, -1/2$$

Homefun Day 4:

Factor or solve the following quadratics. (Be careful!!! Only solve if there is an = sign.)

1) $z^2 - 14z + 40$

(z-4)(z-10)

2) $y^2 - 5y - 24$

(y-8)(y+3)

3) $a^2 + 13a + 36$

(a+4)(a+9)

4) $m^2 + 8m - 65$

(m+13)(m-5)

5) $z^2 + 16z + 64$

(z+8)²

6) $z^2 - 36$

(z+6)(z-6)

7) $x^2 + 6x + 5$

(x+5)(x+1)

8) $x^2 + 11x + 24 = 0$

(x+8)(x+3)

9) $n^2 - 5n = 14$

(n-7)(n+2)

10) $x^2 - 6x = 0$

x = 0, 6

11) $2n^2 + 12n + 16 = 0$

n = -2, -4

12) $5z^2 + 60z$

5z(z+12)

Homefun Day 5:

Solve the following using square roots.

$$1) 3x^2 = 108$$

$$x = 6, -6$$

$$2) -3x^2 + 8 = 56$$

$$\pm 4i$$

$$3) 4x^2 + 3 = 47$$

$$\pm \sqrt{11}$$

$$4) (x + 2)^2 = -25$$

$$-2 \pm 5i$$

$$5) 3x^2 - 12 = 12$$

$$\pm 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$6) (x + 1)^2 + 14 = 5$$

$$-1 \pm 3i$$

$$7) 9x^2 - 12 = 4$$

$$x = \pm 4/3$$

$$8) -4(x + 2)^2 - 8 = 0$$

$$-2 \pm i\sqrt{2}$$

$$9) \frac{(3x-3)^2}{5} - 20 = 0$$

$$x = 7/3, 13/3$$

$$10) 4(2x + 1)^2 + 64 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-1 \pm 4i}{2}$$

$$11) \frac{(4x-1)^2}{2} + 3 = -7$$

$$x = \frac{1 \pm 2i\sqrt{5}}{4}$$

$$12) \frac{(x-3)^3}{3} - 9 = 0$$

$$x = 6$$

Homefun Day 6:

Solve the following quadratic equations using the quadratic formula.

$$1) m^2 + 3 = 7m$$

$$m = \frac{7 \pm \sqrt{37}}{2}$$

$$2) 3x^2 + 2x - 3 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{10}}{3}$$

$$3) x^2 - 6x + 10 = 0$$

$$x = 3 \pm i$$

$$4) 3y^2 + 7y + 1 = 2y - 3$$

$$y = \frac{-5 \pm i\sqrt{23}}{6}$$

$$5) 3x^2 = 12x$$

$$x = 0, 4$$

$$6) 2w^2 + 3w = 1 - 2w^2$$

$$w = -1, \frac{1}{4}$$

$$7) 10x^2 - 8x + 3 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{4 \pm i\sqrt{14}}{10}$$

$$8) 5x^2 + 12 = 12x$$

$$x = \frac{6 \pm 2i\sqrt{6}}{5}$$

Unit 4 Review:

Factor the expressions completely.

1. $x^2 + 8x - 48$

$$(x + 12)(x - 4)$$

4. $12x^2 - x - 6$

$$(4x - 3)(3x + 2)$$

2. $2x^2 - 10x + 3x - 15$

$$(2x + 3)(x - 5)$$

3. $x^2 - 49y^2$

$$(x - 7y)(x + 7y)$$

6. $x^2 - 24$

Prime

7. $-2x^3 - 28x^2 - 98x$

$22x + 6$

$$-2x(x^2 + 7x + 49)$$

8. $16x^2 - 24xy + 9y^2$

$$(4x + 3y)(4x - 3y)$$

9. $12x^2 -$

$$2(2x - 3)(3x - 1)$$

Solve the equations.

10. $x^2 + 5x - 14 = 0$

$7 = 15$

$$x = 2, -7$$

14. $27n^5 - 72n^4 = 0$

$5 = 4$

$$m = 0, 8/3$$

11. $x^2 = 6x$

$$x = 0, 6$$

15. $\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 20 = 38$

$$x = \pm 6$$

12. $2x^2 - 24 = -36$

$$x = \pm i\sqrt{6}$$

16. $3(x + 2)^2 = 27$

$$x = 1, -5$$

13. $2(x + 3)^2 -$

$$x = -3 \pm \sqrt{11}$$

17. $4(x - 6)^2 +$

$$x = 6 \pm \frac{1}{2}i$$

Find the zeros of the function.

18. $y = 81x^2 - 16$

$$x = \pm \frac{4}{9}$$

19. $f(x) = 4x^2 + 18x + 18$

$$x = -3, -\frac{3}{2}$$

20. $y = x^2 - 7x + 2x - 14$

$$x = -2, 7$$

Use the quadratic formula to solve the equation.

21. $x^2 + 6x = 10$

0

$$x = -3 \pm \sqrt{19}$$

22. $2c^2 - 12c + 6 = 0$

$$c = 3 \pm \sqrt{6}$$

23. $x^2 - x + 1 =$

$$x = \frac{1+i\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

24. $3x^2 - 2x = 3$

$$x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{10}}{3}$$

25. $x^2 + 10 = 6x$

$$x = 3 \pm i$$

26. $4x^2 + 1 = 4x$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}, \text{ Double Root}$$

27. The polynomial $x^2 + 11x + 30$ is factorable. One factor is $(x + 6)$, what is the other factor?
 $(x+5)$

28. What is the **sum** of the solutions of $x^2 + 8x = 84$
 -8

29. Select **all** of the expressions that are equivalent to $-x^2 + 3x + 10$.

II, III, IV

| | |
|------|-------------------|
| I. | $(x + 5)(x - 2)$ |
| II. | $-(x + 2)(x - 5)$ |
| III. | $(-x - 2)(x - 5)$ |
| IV. | $(x + 2)(5 - x)$ |