

Decide whether the function is a polynomial function. If so, write it in standard form and state its degree, type, and leading coefficient.

1. $h(x) = -\frac{5}{2}x^3 + 3x - 10$

2. $f(x) = 6x + 8x^4 - 3$

3. $h(x) = x^3\sqrt{10} + 5x^{-2} + 1$

Use direct substitution to evaluate the polynomial function for the given value of x.

4. $f(x) = 8x + 5x^4 - 3x^2 - x^3; x = 2$

5. $g(x) = 4x^3 - 2x^5; g(-3)$

Use synthetic substitution to evaluate the polynomial function for the given value of x.

6. $f(x) = 8x^4 + 12x^3 + 6x^2 - 5x + 9; x = -2$

7. $g(x) = x^3 + 8x^2 - 7x + 35; x = -6$

8. $h(x) = -8x^3 + 14x - 35; x = 4$

9. $f(x) = -2x^4 + 3x^3 - 8x + 13; x = 2$

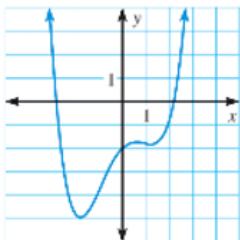
10. $g(x) = 6x^5 + 10x^3 - 27; x = -3$

11. Describe and correct the error in evaluating the polynomial function $f(x) = -4x^4 + 9x^2 - 21x + 7$ when $x = -2$.

-2	-4	9	-21	7	
	8	-34	110		
	-4	17	-55	117	X

Describe the degree as even or odd then state if the leading coefficient is positive or negative for the polynomial function whose graph is shown.

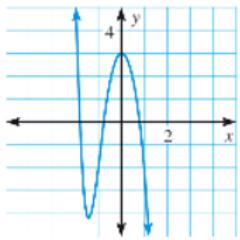
1.



Degree: _____

Leading Coefficient: _____

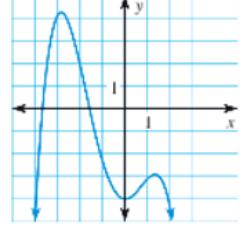
2.



Degree: _____

Leading Coefficient: _____

3.



Degree: _____

Leading Coefficient: _____

Describe the end behavior of the graph of the polynomial function by completing the statements.

4. $f(x) = -2x^3 + 7x - 4$

 $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow -\infty$ and
 $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$

5. $f(x) = x^7 + 3x^4 - x^2$

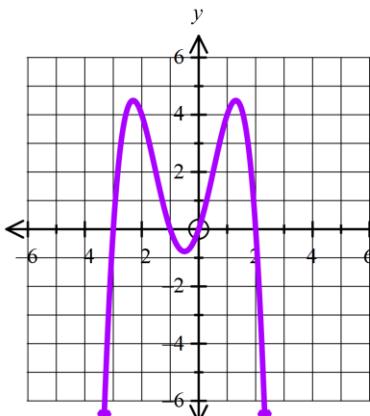
 $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow -\infty$ and
 $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$

6. $f(x) = 3x^{10} - 16x$

 $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow -\infty$ and
 $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$

Find the positive and negative intervals:

7.

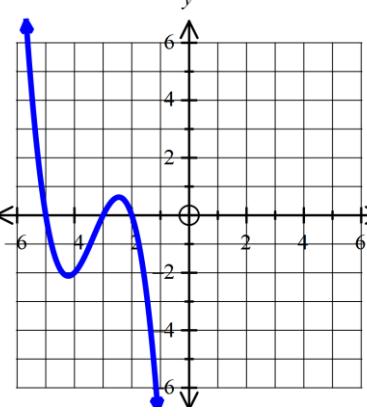


Zeros: _____

Positive: _____

Negative: _____

8.



Zeros: _____

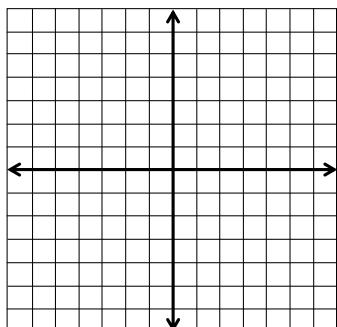
Positive: _____

Negative: _____

Graph the polynomial functions. State the Degree, Leading Coefficient, Domain, Range, End Behavior, and the Intervals where the function is positive and negative.

9. $f(x) = x^3 - 4x$

10. $f(x) = -x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x + 5$



Positive: _____

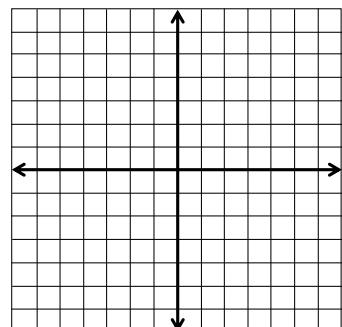
Negative: _____

Degree: _____

Leading coefficient: _____

Domain: _____

Range: _____

 $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow -\infty$ and
 $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$


Positive: _____

Negative: _____

Degree: _____

Leading coefficient: _____

Domain: _____

Range: _____

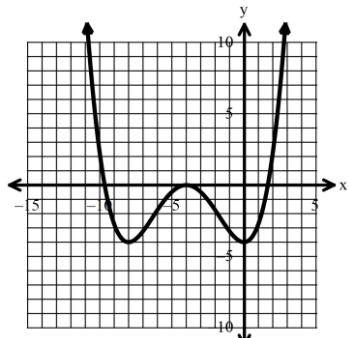
 $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow -\infty$ and
 $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$

Algebra 2
UNIT 6: Day 3 Worksheet

Name: _____
 Period: _____ Date: _____

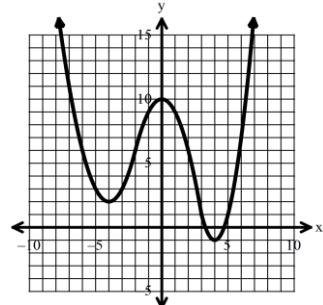
1. State where the function is increasing and decreasing.

- A. Never Increasing , Decreasing: $(-\infty, +\infty)$
- B. Increasing: $(-8, 0) \cup (0, +\infty)$, Decreasing: $(-\infty, -8)$
- C. Increasing: $(-\infty, -8) \cup (0, 8)$, Decreasing: $(-8, 0)$
- D. Increasing: $(-8, -4) \cup (0, +\infty)$, Decreasing: $(-\infty, -8) \cup (-4, 0)$

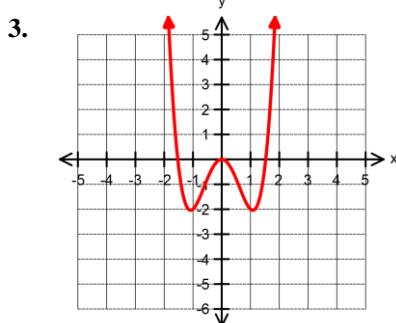


2. What are the values of the relative maxima and/or minima of the function graphed?

- A. relative maxima: 0 , relative minima: $-4, 4$
- B. relative maxima: 10, relative minima: $-1, 2$
- C. relative maxima: $3.3, 4.7$, relative minima: 0
- D. relative maxima: $2, 10$, relative minima: -1



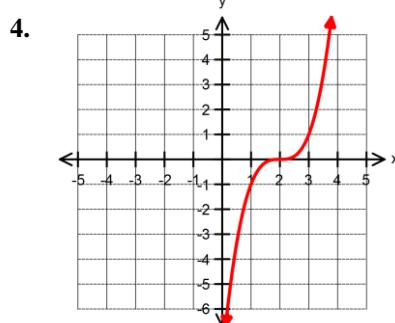
For the following, state the relative maxima/minima, state when it is increase and decreasing, and the end behavior.



Maxima: _____
 Minima: _____
 Increasing: _____
 Decreasing: _____

$$f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ as } x \rightarrow -\infty$$

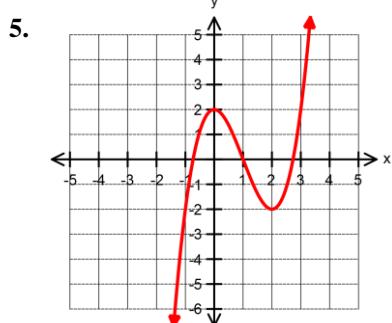
$$\text{and } f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty$$



Maxima: _____
 Minima: _____
 Increasing: _____
 Decreasing: _____

$$f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ as } x \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$\text{and } f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty$$

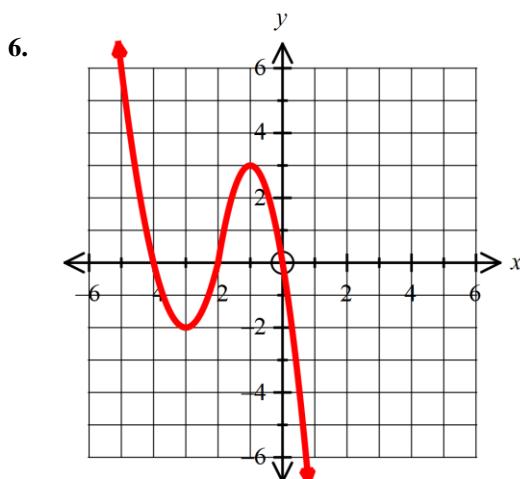


Maxima: _____
 Minima: _____
 Increasing: _____
 Decreasing: _____

$$f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ as } x \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$\text{and } f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty$$

Using the graph below, find all of the following.

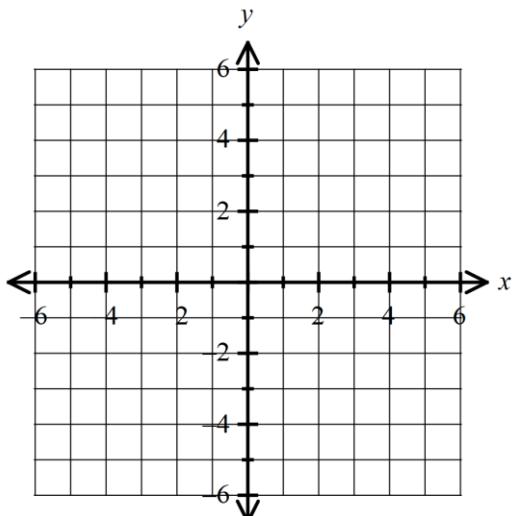


Local Min	
Local Max	
Increasing	
Decreasing	
Positive	
Negative	
End Behavior	$f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow -\infty$ and $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$

Keep Going →

Sketch a graph of the following polynomial functions by using their local minima or maxima, describe the end behavior and the intervals in which the function is increasing or decreasing.

7. $f(x) = x^3 - 3x + 2$



Local Min	
Local Max	
Increasing	
Decreasing	
Positive	
Negative	
End Behavior	$f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow -\infty$ and $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$f(x)$							

Algebra 2**Unit 6 – Day 4 – Add, Subtract and Multiply Polynomials**

Name: _____

Period: _____ Date: _____

Find the sum or difference

1. $(x^2 - 3x + 5) - (-4x^2 + 8x + 9)$

2. $(2a^2 - 8) - (a^3 + 4a^2 - 12a + 4)$

3. $(3y^2 - 6y^4 + 5 - 6y) + (5y^4 - 6y^3 + 4y)$

4. $(8v^4 - 2v^2 + v - 4) - (3v^3 - 12v^2 + 8v)$

Find the product of the polynomials.

5. $(3z+1)(z-3)$

6. $(w+4)(w^2 + 6w - 11)$

7. $(2a-3)(a^2 - 10a - 2)$

8. $(-x^2 + 4x + 1)(x^2 - 8x + 3)$

Find the product of the binomials.

9. $(3p+1)(p+3)(p+1)$

10. $(b-2)(2b-1)(-b+1)$

Describe and correct the error in simplifying the expression.

1.

$$(2x - 7)^3 = (2x)^3 - 7^3$$

$$= 8x^3 - 343$$



Find the product of the expressions.

2. $(x+5)(x-5)$

3. $(w-9)^2$

4. $(y+4)^2$

5. $(2c+5)^2$

6. $(5p-3)(5p+3)$

7. $(7x-y)^3$

8. $(3x+7y)^3$

9. ★ **MULTIPLE CHOICE** Which expression is equivalent to $(3x - 2y)^2$?

(A) $9x^2 - 4y^2$

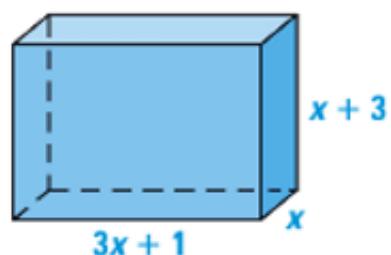
(B) $9x^2 + 4y^2$

(C) $9x^2 + 12xy + 4y^2$

(D) $9x^2 - 12xy + 4y^2$

10. Write the figure's volume as a polynomial in standard form.

$V = \ell wh$



Factor the polynomials completely.

1. $14x^2 - 21x$

2. $c^3 + 9c^2 + 18c$

Sum or Difference of Cubes – Factor the polynomials completely

3. $y^3 - 64$

4. $-5z^3 + 320$

Factoring by Grouping – Factor the polynomials completely.

5. $y^3 - 7y^2 + 4y - 28$

6. $3m^3 - m^2 + 9m - 3$

Quadratic Form – Factor the polynomials completely.

7. $x^4 - 25$

8. $a^4 + 7a^2 + 6$

Solve to find the real-number solutions of the equations.

9. $y^3 - 5y^2 = 0$

10. $g^3 + 3g^2 - g = 3$

11. $m^3 + 6m^2 - 4m - 24 = 0$

12. $4w^4 + 40w^2 - 44 = 0$

For 1 – 2, use synthetic substitution to evaluate the function.

1. $f(x) = 7x^3 + 3x^2 - 7x + 3$; when $x = 3$

2. $f(x) = 8x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x - 5$; $f(5)$

For 3 – 4, find the end behavior of each function.

3. $f(x) = -x^3 + 7x + 4$

4. $f(x) = 3x^4 - x^2 + 4$

 $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$ $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ as $x \rightarrow -\infty$ **For 5 – 6, decide whether the function is polynomial function. If so, state its degree, type, number of terms, and the leading coefficient.**

5. $f(x) = 2x^3 - 2x^2 + 3$

6. $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 + 3x - 7$

Polynomial Function: _____

Polynomial Function: _____

Degree: _____

Degree: _____

Type: _____

Type: _____

Leading Coefficient: _____

Leading Coefficient: _____

Number of terms: _____

Number of terms: _____

For 7 – 9, find the sum or difference.

7. $(6q^5 + 8q^2 + 3) + (8q^5 - 3q^2 - 7)$

8. $(3x + 7) - (5x^2 - 6x + 2)$

9. $(-8s^2 - 7s) - (-9s - 1 - 2s^2)$

For 10 – 12, find the product.

10. $(u + 4)(u^2 - 3u + 3)$

11. $(x - 3)(x^2 + 4x + 5)$

12. $(2x - 1)^3$

For 13 – 17, factor the following polynomials completely.

13. $n^5 + 216n^2$

14. $2z^8 - 6z^6 - 80z^4$

15. $4x^3 - 8x^2 + 3x - 6$

16. $x^8 - 81$

17. $64x^3 - 27y^3$

For 18 – 21, find the real number solution for each equation.

18. $x^4 + 5 = 6x^2$

19. $x^3 + 3x^2 = 28x$

20. $x^3 + 2 = 2x^2 + x$

21. $36y^3 + 48y^2 + 16y = 0$

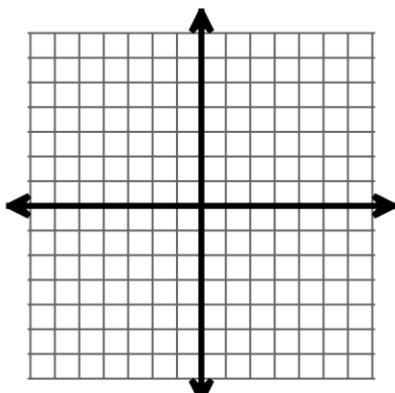
For 22 – graph the function, find any local mins or maxs, then fill out the table to the right.

22. $y = x^4 - 4$

Mins: _____

Max: _____

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$f(x)$							



23. Given the graph to the right, approximate the following:

Min Values: _____

Max Value: _____

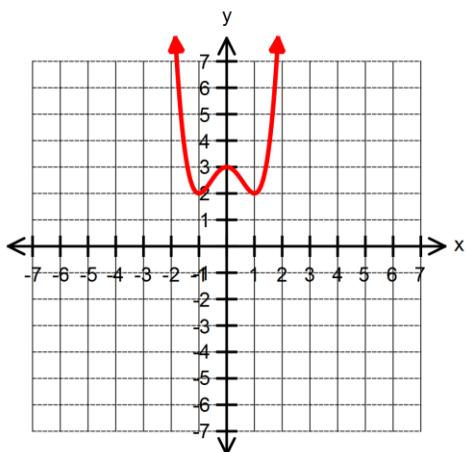
Increasing: _____

Decreasing: _____

Positive: _____

Negative: _____

End Behavior: $f(x) \rightarrow$ _____ as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow$ _____ as $x \rightarrow \infty$



Approximate for the following graph.

24. $f(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 + 5x - 2$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$f(x)$							

Local Mins: _____

Local Maxs: _____

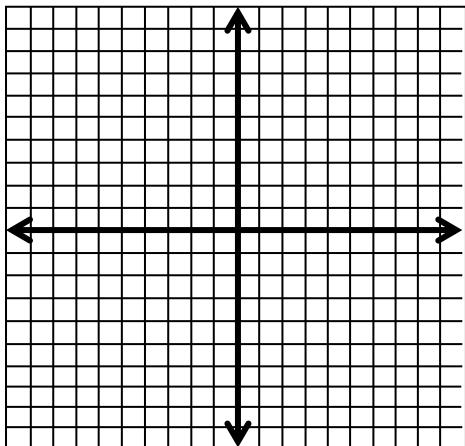
Increasing: _____

Decreasing: _____

Positive: _____

Negative: _____

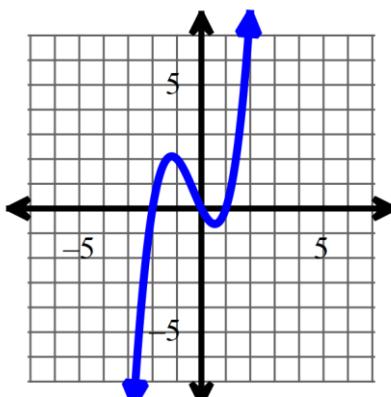
End Behavior: $f(x) \rightarrow$ _____ as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow$ _____ as $x \rightarrow \infty$



Multiple Choice Section:

25. The function, $f(x)$, is graphed below. Which of the following statements are true? Select **all that apply.**

- A. $f(x)$ is positive on the interval $0 < x < 1$.
- B. $f(x)$ is positive on the interval $-2 < x < 0$.
- C. $f(x)$ is positive on the interval $x > 1$.
- D. $f(x)$ is negative on the interval $-2 < x < 0$.
- E. $f(x)$ is negative on the interval $x < -2$.
- F. $f(x)$ is negative on the intervals $0 < x < 1$



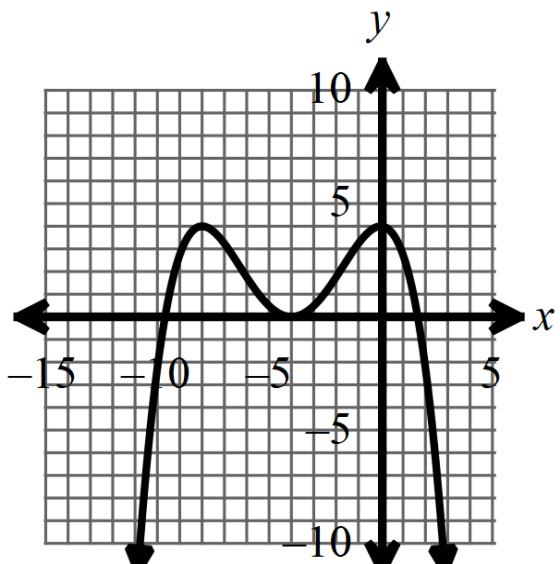
26. State where the function is increasing and decreasing.

- A. Increasing: $(-9.657, -4) \cup (-4, 1.657)$
Decreasing: $(-\infty, -9.657) \cup (1.657, +\infty)$

- B. Increasing: $(-8, 0) \cup (0, +\infty)$
Decreasing: $(-\infty, -8)$

- C. Increasing: $(-\infty, -8) \cup (0, 8)$
Decreasing: $(-8, 0)$

- D. Increasing: $(-\infty, -8) \cup (-4, 0)$
Decreasing: $(-8, -4) \cup (0, +\infty)$



27. Which of the following expressions must be subtracted from $(4x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x - 3)$ to result in $(6x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x + 7)$?

- A. $-2x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 10$
B. $2x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x + 10$
C. $-2x^3 - 7x^2 + 10x + 4$
D. $2x^3 - 7x^2 + 10x + 4$

28. Find the product: $(x - 1)(x + 5)(x - 3)$

- A. $x^3 + 15$
B. $x^3 + x^2 - 17x + 15$
C. $x^3 - 3x^2 - 13x - 15$
D. $x^3 + 7x^2 - 7x + 15$

29. Factor completely: $x^4 - 13x^2 + 36$

- A. $(x^2 - 9)(x^2 + 4)$
B. $(x - 3)(x + 3)(x + 4)(x - 4)$
C. $(x - 3)(x + 3)(x + 2)^2$
D. $(x - 3)(x + 3)(x + 2)(x - 2)$