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Geometry Unit 2 - Day 1 - Points Lines and Planes Homefun

Use the figure to the right to answer the following questions.

- **1.** Write two other names for \overleftarrow{BG}
- **2.** Write two lines going through point G.
- **3.** Name a point not on the line \overleftarrow{AD}
- **4.** Name three collinear points.
- **5.** Name three non collinear points.
- **6.** Are all the points coplanar? Explain.

Use the figure to the right to answer the following questions.

- **7.** Name the three line segments that intersect at point N.
- **8.** What do plane *MPRQ* and plane *NMP* have in common?
- 9. Name two coplanar planes (if possible).

10. Name the two planes that share \overleftarrow{SN}

11. Name three collinear points (if possible).





Draw and label a figure for each situation described.

12. Lines l, m, and j intersecting at *P*. **13.** Plane *W* that contains line *y*.

14. Points *A*, *B*, *C*, and *D* are noncollinear.

15) FIND THE ERROR Camille and Hiroshi are trying to determine how many lines can be drawn between four points. Is either of them correct? Explain your reasoning.



Hiroshi

You can draw 3 · 2 · 1 or 6 lines

between the points.

- **a)** Camille is correct.
- **b)** Hiroshi is correct.
- **c)** They are both correct.
- **d)** Neither of them are correct.

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Geometry Unit 2 - Day 2 - Angle Basics

Name each angle in four ways. Then identify its vertex and its sides.



- **6.** Name the vertex of $\angle 2$
- **7.** Name the vertex of $\angle ADF$
- **8.** Name two other ways to write $\angle 1$

9. Name the right angle in two different ways.

10. Name an angle that appears to be obtuse.



11. Excluding straight angles, how many angles are shown in the figure?

- A. 7
- B. 18
- C. 19
- D. 21



Mixed Review

<u>Use the diagram to the right for 1 - 3.</u>

- 1. Name another point that is collinear with points *U* and *V*.
- **2.** What is another name for plane \mathcal{Y} ?
- **3.** Name a line that is coplanar with points *P*, *Q*, and *W*.



Mixed Review: For 4 – 5, find the midpoint and length of each segment.

5.



6.



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<u>Geometry Unit 2 - Day 3 – Linear Measure</u>





In the diagram below, MQ = 30, MN = 5, MN = NO, and OP = PQ. Find the following pieces.



For 10 – 12, use the diagram, and that AD = 24, AB = 5, BC = 9.

10. Find CD

11. Find BD

12. Find AC

13. Suppose that *B* is in between *A* and *C*. If AC = 36, which of the following is not a possibility for AB (select **<u>all</u>** that apply)?

a) -5 **b**) 1 **c**) 15.4 **d**) 29 **e**) 37

Mixed Review:

Solve the following equations and check it.

14. $x^2 - 5x - 14 = 0$ **15.** $x^2 - x - 56 = 0$

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Geometry Unit 2 - Day 4 – Linear Measure Part II

Directions: Use the Segment Addition Postulate to find the value of each variable or segment measure.



5. Given the diagram for the right, which of the following is true?a) x = 5

- **b**) x = -5
- **c)** AB = 20
- **d)** *BC* = 23
- e) None of the above



Suppose M is between L and N. ML= 3x + 10, MN= 75 - 10x, and LN= 50. Find the length of each segment.

8. MN =

9. Given: $\overline{ST} \cong \overline{SR}, \overline{QR} \cong \overline{SR}$ Solve for *x*.



10. Given: $\overline{XY} \cong \overline{YZ}, \overline{WX} \cong \overline{XY}$, find XY



Mixed Review: Determine if the following are true or false.

11. *R*, *S*, and *T* are collinear.



- **13.** Plane *A* and plane TRS are the same plane.
- **14.** Plane *B* contains (PH)
- **15.** Points *R*, *S*, and *K* make a plane.



Geometry Unit 2 - Day 5 - Angle Addition Postulate

Find the following for each example.







10. Given: $m \angle DEA = 170$, $\angle DEC \cong \angle CEB$. Find $m \angle CEB$

11. Let *Q* be in the interior of $\angle POR$. $m \angle POQ = x+4$, $m \angle QOR = 2x-2$, and $m \angle POR = 26$. Find the value of x, and $m \angle QOR$ (Hint: draw a picture first).

12. Let *W* be in the interior of $\angle XYZ$. $m \angle XYZ = 180^{\circ}$, $m \angle XYW = (a + 1)^{\circ}$ and $m \angle WYZ = (5a - 13)^{\circ}$ Which of the following are true statements (select all that apply).

- **a)** $a = \frac{7}{2}$
- **b)** a = 5
- **c)** a = 32
- **d)** $m \angle XYW = 33^{\circ}$
- e) $m \angle XYW = 6^{\circ}$
- f) $m \angle WYZ = 147^{\circ}$
- **g)** $m \angle WYZ = 12^{\circ}$

| MIXED Review: | * |
|--|--------------|
| Name each angle in four ways. Then identify its vertex and its sides | <u>.</u> ' C |
| 13 Sides: | |
| Vertex: | 8 8 |
| | A |

14. X is between A and C and C is between X and D. If AX = XC, AD = 42, and CD = 16, find the length of AX. *Hint: Draw the picture and label the lengths.*

| Name: _ | | |
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Geometry Unit 2 - Day 6 - Vertical Bisectors

For 1 – 5, AB is an angle bisector. Find the following.





For 6 – 7, \overrightarrow{EB} is the angle bisector of $\angle AEC$.

6. Find $m \angle BEC$.



a) $m \angle BEC = 18.5^{\circ}$ b) $m \angle BEC = 19^{\circ}$ c) $m \angle BEC = 38^{\circ}$ d) $m \angle BEC = 71^{\circ}$ **7.** Find *x*



a) x = 35 **b)** x = 51.5 **c)** x = 70.5**d)** x = 142 **8.** Find the value that would make \overrightarrow{AB} an angle bisector of $\angle CAT$ and $m \angle CAT = 150^{\circ}$.



For 9 – 12, decide if the following are true or false. If they are false, explain why.

- **9.** Every angle has exactly one angle bisector.
- **10.** You can assume a ray is an angle bisector.
- **11.** If two angles are congruent, then they share an angle bisector.
- **12.** Straight angles cannot have an angle bisector.

Mixed Review: Use the diagram for the following

- **13.** Name three collinear points.
- **14.** Name three non-collinear points.



15. Name a point that is coplanar with points B, C and F.

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Geometry Unit 2 - Day 7 - Segment Bisectors

For 1 – 2, \overrightarrow{MN} is a segment bisector of \overrightarrow{AB} .

- **1.** Find *x*
- **2.** Find *AB*

For 3 and 4, \overrightarrow{EF} is a segment bisector of \overline{ST} . Solve for x.

- **3.** Find *x*
- **4.** Find *US*
- **5.** What value(s) of x would make \overline{CW} a segment bisector of \overline{AB}

- **6.** What value of *x* would make \overline{TS} a segment bisector of \overline{MN}
 - a) x = -4b) x = 4
 - **c)** x = 7**d)** x = 11









Mixed Review:

- 7. How many points make a plane (select **all** that are true)?
 - **a)** Just 1 point is needed
 - **b)** Any 2 points
 - c) 3 collinear points
 - d) 3 non-colinear points
 - e) 4 non-collinear points
 - f) 4 collinear points

For 8 – 10 all use the same diagram.

8. Draw a picture to illustrate the following: *K* is in between *J* and *M*, and *L* is in between *K* and *M*, and $\overline{JK} \cong \overline{KL} \cong \overline{LM}$

9. Find *JK* if JM = 21

10. Find MK

11. Find the $m \angle PQM = 67^{\circ}$, find $m \angle MQN$



12. How do you label the following ray?



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<u>Geometry Unit 2 - Day 8 – Putting it All Together</u>

For 1 and 2, assume that Y is in between X and Z. XY = 2n - 8, YZ = 4n - 9, and XZ = 10.

1. Find *n*

2. Find *XY*

For 3 – 4, suppose that M is in between L and N. ML = 3x + 10, MN = 75 - 10x, and LN = 50.

3. Find *x*

4. Find *ML*

For 5 – 6, use the given information. G is in between A and B, $\overline{AG} \cong \overline{GB}$, $AG = x^2 - 4x$, GB = 3x - 6, and AB = 24.

5. Find *x*

6. Find *AG*

For 7 – 8, let Q be in the interior of $\angle POR$. $m \angle POQ = (x + 4)^{\circ}$, $m \angle QOR = (2x - 2)^{\circ}$, and $m \angle POR = 26^{\circ}$. Find the following.

7. Find *x*

8. *m*∠*QOR*

For 10 – 11, D is in the interior of $\angle ABC$. $\angle ABC$ is a right angle, $m \angle ABD = (45 - 7x)^{\circ}$, $m \angle DBC = (25 + 3x)^{\circ}$. Find the following.

9. Find *x*

10. *m*∠*DBC*

For 11 – 12, K is between J and L. If $JK = x^2 - 4x$, KL = 3x - 2, and JL = 28. Find the following.

11. JK

12. KL

13. *D* is in the interior of $\angle ABC$. \overrightarrow{BD} is an angle bisector of $\angle ABC$. $m \angle ABD = (x^2 - 5x)^\circ$ and $m \angle DBC = (5x - 9)^\circ$. Find $m \angle ABC$.

a) $m \angle ABC = 9^{\circ}$ b) $m \angle ABC = 18^{\circ}$ c) $m \angle ABC = 36^{\circ}$ d) $m \angle ABC = 72^{\circ}$

14. *X* is in between *A* and *C*. *C* is in between *X* and *D*. If AX = XC, AD = 42, and CD = 16. Which of the following is the length of AX?

- a) XY = 11
- b) XY = 12
- c) XY = 13
- d) XY = 14
- e) None of the above

| Name: | |
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Geometry Unit 2 - Day 9 - Angle Relationships

Describe the relationship of angles 1 and 2 in as many ways as possible using Supplementary, Complementary, Linear Pair, and/or Adjacent Angles.



For 7 – 10, use the diagram to the right.

- **7.** Which angle forms a linear pair with $\angle AGF$?
- 8. Name two complementary angles.
- **9.** Name an angle that is supplementary to $\angle CGD$.

10. Which angle forms a linear pair with $\angle BGE$?



Fill in the following.

| m∠A | 62° | 118 ⁰ | 3° |
|--------------|--------------|------------------|----|
| | | | |
| $m \angle B$ | | | |

11. Assuming that $\angle A$ is supp. to $\angle B$. **12.** Assuming that $\angle A$ is comp. to $\angle B$. Fill in the following.

| m∠A | 62° | 78° | 3° |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | |
| $m \angle B$ | | | |

13. What is the measure of an angle that is supplementary to $\angle HIJ$ if $m \angle HIJ = 54^{\circ}$?

14. What is the measure of an angle that is complementary to $\angle DEF$ if $m \angle DEF = 74^{\circ}$?

15. Find the value of *x*



16. Find the value of *x*



| Name: | | |
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Geometry Unit 2 - Day 10 Vertical Angles and Linear Pairs-

Determine $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are linear pair, vertical angles, or neither.



Solve for the following variables.



6. Given the diagram to the right, which of the following are true (select <u>all</u> that are true)?

- **a)** x = 10
- **b)** y = 10
- **c)** x = 16**d)** y = 16
- **e)** $m \angle AED = 64^{\circ}$
- **f)** $m \angle AEB = 64^{\circ}$
- **g)** $m \angle AED = 116^{\circ}$
- **h)** $m \angle DEC = 116^{\circ}$



7. In the figure $\overrightarrow{GF} \perp \overrightarrow{GH}$, $m \angle FGI = (8x)^\circ$, and $m \angle HGI = (2x - 20)^\circ$. Find $m \angle FGI$ and $m \angle HGI$.



8. Find the value(s) of x



9. Find the value(s) of y



10. Find the value of the variables.



Mixed Review:

- **11.** \overrightarrow{EB} is the angle bisector of $\angle AEC$. What is the value of *x*?
 - **A.** x = 35
 - **B.** *x* = 51.5
 - **C.** x = 70.5
 - **D.** *x* = 142



- **12.** Given the information below, find *BC*.
 - B is between A and C
 - AC = 2x + 8
 - $\bullet AB = 4x 16$
 - BC = 3x 6
 - **A.** BC = 6 **C.** BC = 12
 - **B.** BC = 8 **D.** BC = 20